

ASCRA XPRO 1/13

 Version 3 / GB
 Revision Date: 09.07.2019

 102000027828
 Print Date: 09.07.2019

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name ASCRA XPRO

Product code (UVP) 80513666, 86804662

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use Fungicide

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Bayer CropScience Limited

230 Cambridge Science Park

Milton Road Cambridge

Cambridgeshire CB4 0WB

United Kingdom

Telephone +44(0)1223 226500

Telefax +44(0)1223 426240

Responsible Department Email: ukcropsupport@bayer.com

1.4 Emergency telephone no.

Emergency telephone no. 00800 1020 3333 (24 hr)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Acute toxicity: Category 4

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

Skin sensitisation: Category 1B

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Serious eye damage: Category 1

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Category 3

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Acute aquatic toxicity: Category 1

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Category 1

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements



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Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Hazard label for supply/use required.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

- Bixafen
- Fluopyram
- Prothioconazole
- N,N-Dimethyl decanamide







Signal word: Danger Hazard statements

11000	المصيدة المدينة الشاهمة المسامل
H302	Harmful if swallowed.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for

use.

Precautionary statements

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P305 + P351 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

+ P338 present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/ physician.

P391 Collect spillage.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or

collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-

hazardous waste.

2.3 Other hazards

No other hazards known.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature

Emulsifiable concentrate (EC)

Prothioconazole/Fluopyram/Bixafen 130:65:65 g/l

Hazardous components

Hazard statements according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Name	CAS-No./	CAS-No. / Classification	
	EC-No. / REACH Reg. No.	REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008	
Bixafen	581809-46-3	Aquatic Acute 1, H400	6.37



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		Aquatic Chronic 1, H410		
Fluopyram	658066-35-4 619-797-7	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	6.37	
Prothioconazole	178928-70-6	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	12.7	
2-Ethylhexanol propylene ethyleneglycol ether	64366-70-7	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	> 1 – < 25	
N,N-Dimethyl decanamide	14433-76-2 238-405-1 01-2119485027-36-XXXX	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	> 25	

Further information

Bixafen	581809-46-3	M-Factor: 10 (acute)
Prothioconazole	178928-70-6	M-Factor: 10 (acute), 1 (chronic)

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice Move out of dangerous area. Remove contaminated clothing

immediately and dispose of safely. Place and transport victim in stable

position (lying sideways).

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or

poison control center immediately.

Skin contact Wash off thoroughly with plenty of soap and water, if available with

polyethyleneglycol 400, subsequently rinse with water.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at

least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Get medical attention if irritation

develops and persists.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center

immediately. Rinse mouth.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms No symptoms known or expected.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment Treat symptomatically. Gastric lavage is not normally required.

However, if a significant amount (more than a mouthful) has been ingested, administer activated charcoal and sodium sulphate. There is

no specific antidote.



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SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon

dioxide.

Unsuitable High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or

mixture

In the event of fire the following may be released:, Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid), Carbon monoxide (CO), Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In the event

of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information Contain the spread of the fire-fighting media. Do not allow run-off from

fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with spilled product or contaminated surfaces. Use **Precautions**

personal protective equipment.

6.2 Environmental

precautions

Do not allow to get into surface water, drains and ground water. If spillage enters drains leading to sewage works inform local water company immediately. If spillage enters rivers or watercourses, inform

the Environment Agency (emergency telephone number 0800

807060).

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly, observing Methods for cleaning up

environmental regulations. Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g.

sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Keep in

suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Additional advice Check also for any local site procedures.

6.4 Reference to other

sections

Information regarding safe handling, see section 7.

Information regarding personal protective equipment, see section 8.

Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling No specific precautions required when handling unopened

packs/containers; follow relevant manual handling advice. Ensure

adequate ventilation.



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Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Hygiene measures

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep working clothes separately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Wash hands immediately after work, if necessary take a shower. Remove soiled clothing immediately and clean thoroughly before using again. Garments that cannot be cleaned must be

destroyed (burnt).

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in original

container. Protect from frost. Keep away from direct sunlight.

Keep away from direct sunlight.

Advice on common storage

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Suitable materials

Coextruded containers with an internal barrier layer made of ethylene

vinyl alcohol copolymer (EVOH)

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Refer to the label and/or leaflet.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Update	Basis
Bixafen	581809-46-3	0.6 mg/m3 (TWA)		OES BCS*
Fluopyram	658066-35-4	0.34 mg/m3 (TWA)		OES BCS*
Prothioconazole	178928-70-6	1.4 mg/m3 (SK-ABS)		OES BCS*

^{*}OES BCS: Internal Bayer AG, Crop Science Division "Occupational Exposure Standard"

8.2 Exposure controls

Refer to COSHH assessment (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (Amendment) Regulations 2004). Engineering controls should be used in preference to personal protective equipment wherever practicable. Refer also to COSHH Essentials.

Personal protective equipment

In normal use and handling conditions please refer to the label and/or leaflet. In all other cases the following recommendations would apply.

Respiratory protection Wear respirator with an organic vapours and gas filter mask

(protection factor 10) conforming to EN140 type A or equivalent. Respiratory protection should only be used to control residual risk of short duration activities, when all reasonably practicable steps have been taken to reduce exposure at source e.g. containment and/or local extract ventilation. Always follow respirator manufacturer's

instructions regarding wearing and maintenance.

Hand protection Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and

breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves.



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Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the

contact time.

Wash gloves when contaminated. Dispose of when contaminated inside, when perforated or when contamination on the outside cannot be removed. Wash hands frequently and always before eating,

drinking, smoking or using the toilet.

Material Nitrile rubber
Rate of permeability > 480 min
Glove thickness > 0.4 mm
Protective index Class 6

Directive Protective gloves complying with EN

374.

Eye protection Wear goggles (conforming to EN166, Field of Use = 5 or equivalent).

Skin and body protection Wear standard coveralls and Category 3 Type 4 suit.

Wear two layers of clothing wherever possible. Polyester/cotton or cotton overalls should be worn under chemical protection suit and

should be professionally laundered frequently.

If chemical protection suit is splashed, sprayed or significantly contaminated, decontaminate as far as possible, then carefully

remove and dispose of as advised by manufacturer.

General protective measures If product is handled while not enclosed, and if contact may occur:

Complete suit protecting against chemicals

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form Liquid, clear to slightly turbid

Colour brown

Odour weak, characteristic

pH 4.0 - 6.0 (1 %) (23 °C) (deionized water)

Flash point 148 °C Ignition temperature 360 °C

Density ca. 1.02 g/cm³ (20 °C)

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Bixafen: log Pow: 3.3 (40 °C)

Fluopyram: log Pow: 3.3

Prothioconazole: log Pow: 3.82 (20 °C) (pH 7) N,N-Dimethyldecanamide: log Pow: 2.46

Impact sensitivityNot impact sensitive.Oxidizing propertiesNo oxidizing properties

Explosivity Not explosive

9.2 Other information Further safety related physical-chemical data are not known.



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SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Thermal decomposition Stable under normal conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions when stored and handled according to

prescribed instructions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

10.5 Incompatible materials Store only in the original container.

10.6 Hazardous

decomposition products

No decomposition products expected under normal conditions of use.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity LD50 (Rat) > 300 - 2,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity

During intended and foreseen applications, no respirable aerosol is

formed.

Irritating to respiratory system.

The value mentioned relates to N,N-dimethylacetamide.

Acute dermal toxicity LD50 (Rat) > 2,000 mg/kg Skin corrosion/irritation No skin irritation (Rabbit)

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Risk of serious damage to eyes. (Rabbit)

Respiratory or skin Skin: Sensitising (Mouse)

sensitisation OECD Test Guideline 429, local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure

Bixafen: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Fluopyram: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Prothioconazole: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

N,N-Dimethyldecan-1-amide: May cause respiratory irritation.

Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Bixafen did not cause human relevant specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies. Fluopyram did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

Prothioconazole did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

N,N-Dimethyldecanamide did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

Assessment mutagenicity

Bixafen was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.



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Fluopyram was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Prothioconazole was not mutagenic or genotoxic based on the overall weight of evidence in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

N,N-Dimethyldecanamide was not genotoxic in a battery of in vitro tests.

Assessment carcinogenicity

Bixafen was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

Fluopyram caused at high dose levels an increased incidence of tumours in rats in the following organ(s): Liver.

Fluopyram caused at high dose levels an increased incidence of tumours in mice in the following organ(s): Thyroid.

The tumours seen with Fluopyram were caused through a non-genotoxic mechanism, which is not relevant at low doses. The mechanism that triggers these tumours is not relevant to humans. Prothioconazole was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

N,N-Dimethyldecanamide is not considered carcinogenic.

Assessment toxicity to reproduction

Bixafen did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.

Fluopyram caused reproduction toxicity in a two-generation study in rats only at dose levels also toxic to the parent animals. The reproduction toxicity seen with Fluopyram is related to parental toxicity. Prothioconazole caused reproduction toxicity in a two-generation study in rats only at dose levels also toxic to the parent animals. The reproduction toxicity seen with Prothioconazole is related to parental toxicity.

N,N-Dimethyldecanamide is not considered a reproductive toxicant at non-maternally toxic dose levels.

Assessment developmental toxicity

Bixafen did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits.

Fluopyram caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Fluopyram are related to maternal toxicity.

Prothioconazole caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Prothioconazole are related to maternal toxicity.

N,N-Dimethyldecanamide did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Further information

No further toxicological information is available.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) 1.77 mg/l

static test; Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to aquatic EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) 3.39 mg/l

invertebrates Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to aquatic plants EC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)) 2.97 mg/l

Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Skeletonema costatum) 0.01427 mg/l

Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h



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ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum) 0.03278 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient prothioconazole.

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient prothioconazole.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

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Biodegradability Bixafen:

Not rapidly biodegradable

Fluopyram:

Not rapidly biodegradable

Prothioconazole:

Not rapidly biodegradable N,N-Dimethyldecanamide: rapidly biodegradable

Koc Bixafen: Koc: 3869

Fluopyram: Koc: 279 Prothioconazole: Koc: 1765

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation Bixafen: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 695

Does not bioaccumulate.

Fluopyram: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 18

Does not bioaccumulate.

Prothioconazole: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 19

Does not bioaccumulate. N,N-Dimethyldecanamide: Does not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Mobility in soil Bixafen: Slightly mobile in soils

Fluopyram: Moderately mobile in soils Prothioconazole: Slightly mobile in soils

N,N-Dimethyldecanamide: Slightly mobile in soils

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT and vPvB assessment Bixafen: This substance is not considered to be persistent,

bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

Fluopyram: This substance is not considered to be persistent,

bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

Prothioconazole: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

N,N-Dimethyldecanamide: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

Additional ecological

information

No other effects to be mentioned.



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SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product In accordance with current regulations and, if necessary, after

consultation with the site operator and/or with the responsible authority, the product may be taken to a waste disposal site or incineration plant. Advice may be obtained from the local waste regulation authority (part

of the Environment Agency in the UK).

Contaminated packaging Small containers (< 10 l or < 10 kg) should be rinsed thoroughly using

an integrated pressure rinsing device, or, by manually rinsing three

times.

Add washings to sprayer at time of filling. Dispose of empty and cleaned packaging safely. Follow advice on product label and/or leaflet.

Contaminated packaging Not completely emptied packagings should be disposed of as

hazardous waste.

Waste key for the unused

product

02 01 08* agrochemical waste containing hazardous substances

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADR/RID/ADN

14.1 UN number 3082

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(BIXAFEN SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 9
14.4 Packaging Group III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark YES
Hazard no. 90

This classification is in principle not valid for carriage by tank vessel on inland waterways. Please refer to the manufacturer for further information.

IMDG

14.1 UN number **3082**

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(BIXAFEN SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 9
14.4 Packaging Group III
14.5 Marine pollutant YES

IATA

14.1 UN number **3082**

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(BIXAFEN SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 9
14.4 Packaging Group III



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14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark YES

UK 'Carriage' Regulations

14.1 UN number 3082

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(BIXAFEN SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 9
14.4 Packaging Group III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark YES
Emergency action code 3Z

14.6 Special precautions for user

See sections 6 to 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

No transport in bulk according to the IBC Code.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

UK and Northern Ireland Regulatory References

This material may be subject to some or all of the following regulations (and any subsequent amendments). Users must ensure that any uses and restrictions as indicated on the label and/or leaflet are followed.

Transport

Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 1348)

Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997 (SI 1997 No 2367) Air Navigation Dangerous Goods Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2786)

Supply and Use

Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 716)

Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) (Northern Ireland) Regulations 2009

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2677)

EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits - Table 1 List of approved workplace exposure limits

Control of Pesticide Regulations 1986

Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002

Waste Treatment

Environmental Protection Act 1990, Part II

Environmental Protection (Duty of Care) Regulations 1991

The Waste Management Licensing Regulations 1994 (as amended)

Hazardous Waste Regulations 2005 (Replacing Special Waste Regulations 1996 as amended)

Landfill Directive

Regulation on Substances That Deplete the Ozone Layer 1994 (EEC/3093/94)

Water Resources Act 1991

Anti-Pollution Works Regulations 1999

Further information



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WHO-classification: II (Moderately hazardous)

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not required.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Text of the hazard statements mentioned in Section 3

H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Inland Waterways

ADR European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road

ATE Acute toxicity estimate

CAS-Nr. Chemical Abstracts Service number

Conc. Concentration

EC-No. European community number
ECx Effective concentration to x %
EH40 WEL Worker Exposure Limit

EINECS European inventory of existing commercial substances

ELINCS European list of notified chemical substances

EU European Standard
EU European Union

IATA International Air Transport Association

IBC International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous

Chemicals in Bulk (IBC Code) Inhibition concentration to x %

IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LCx Lethal concentration to x %

LDx Lethal dose to x %

ICx

LOEC/LOEL Lowest observed effect concentration/level

MARPOL: International Convention for the prevention of marine pollution from ships

N.O.S. Not otherwise specified

NOEC/NOEL No observed effect concentration/level

OECD Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

RID Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

SI Statutory Instrument
TWA Time weighted average

UN United Nations

WHO World health organisation

Reason for Revision: Reviewed and updated for general editorial purposes. Section 2:

Hazards Identification. Section 3: Composition / Information on

Ingredients. Section 12. Ecological information.



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Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.

The above information is intended to give general health and safety guidance on the storage and transport of the product.

It is not intended to apply to the use of the product for which purposes the product label and any appropriate technical usage literature available should be consulted and any relevant licenses, consents or approvals complied with.

The requirements or recommendations of any relevant site or working procedure, system or policy in force or arising from any risk assessment involving the substance or product should take precedence over any of the guidance contained in this safety data sheet where there is a difference in the information given.

The information provided in this safety data sheet is accurate at the date of publication and will be updated as and when appropriate.

No liability will be accepted for any injury, loss or damage resulting from any failure to take account of information or advice contained in this safety data sheet.